Celebrating 50 Years of the CARICOM Poultry

Standards, Trade & Productivity.

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Presentation Outline

- CROSQ
- Standards
- Benefits of Standardization
CROSQ

“regional centre for promoting efficiency and competitive production in goods and services, through the process of standardization and the verification of quality”
ABOUT CROSQ

- Successor to Caribbean Common Market Standards Council (CCMSC),

- CROSQ established via Article 67 of the Revised Treaty of Chaguaramas – Standards and Regulations

- Headquarters Agreement (Secretariat located in Barbados): signed in Bridgetown -18th January 2007
QUALITY INFRASTRUCTURE

Societal Concerns

Standards

Conformity Assessment

Metrology

Accreditation

Business Concerns
Trading, Quality, Manufacturing, Distribution, Purchasing, Use, Specifications, Contracts.

Quality Infrastructure

The machinery used to

- Define quality requirements (Regional Standards)
- Implement CA Activities (Harmonized Regionally)
- Assess the adequacy of CA activities
- Assure accuracy & precision in measurements
CONFORMITY ASSESSMENT

- Supplier Declaration
- Mutual Recognition
- Testing
- Inspection
- Certification

GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE
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• MIKE – Marketing Information Knowledge and Education Management
• Carimet – Caribbean Regional Metrology Network
• CCA – Caribbean Cooperation for Accreditation
• CANCAB – Caribbean Network of Conformity Assessment Bodies (under development)
• TMC - Technical Management Committee

VISION & MISSION

VISION
CROSQ - The Leader for the development and promotion of the Regional Quality Infrastructure

MISSION
To facilitate trade and competitiveness of CARICOM products and services for sustainable development through the implementation of a Regional Quality Infrastructure (RQI)
OUR MANDATE

• Support the CARICOM mandate in the expansion of intra-regional and extra-regional trade in goods and services.

• Be the regional centre for promoting efficiency and competitive production in goods and services, through the process of standardisation and the verification of quality

• Represent the region in international hemispheric standards work

• Promote the harmonization of metrology systems and standards

• Increase the pace of development of regional standards for the sustainable production of goods and services in the CARICOM Single Market and Economy (CSME)

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES

❖ To promote the development of Standards and the recognition of Technical Regulations

❖ To encourage the recognition of certified products and accredited systems

❖ To provide guidance to Organs and Bodies of the CSME including dispute settlements such as COTED (Council of CARICOM Ministers of Trade)
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES...

- To promote and protect the interest of States and parties and Associate Members in regional and International Standards Fora

- To increase the awareness of standards-related matters including technical regulations, conformity assessment procedures and metrology

- To facilitate achievement of international competitiveness of regional goods and services by fostering a culture of quality in national and regional enterprises
DEFINITION

Document established by consensus and approved by a recognized body that provides for common and repeated use, rules, guidelines or characteristics for activities or their results aimed at achieving the optimum degree of order in a given


NOTE: Standards should be based on the consolidated results of science, technology and experience, and aimed at the promotion of optimum community benefits
GENERAL CATEGORIES

• DEFINITIONS
• SPECIFICATION
• SAMPLING & INSPECTION
• TEST & ANALYSIS
• LIMITATION OF VARIETY
• CODE OF PRACTICE
• MODEL FORM OF CONTRACT OR AGREEMENT

• PRODUCTS

• SERVICE
  – Hygienic Practices

• SYSTEMS OF MANAGEMENT
  – Quality
  – Food Safety

STANDARD DEVELOPMENT STAGES

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<tr>
<th>Project stage</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Abbreviation</th>
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<tr>
<td>Preliminary stage</td>
<td>Preliminary work item</td>
<td>PWI</td>
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<tr>
<td>Proposal stage</td>
<td>New work item proposal</td>
<td>NP (1.5 mths)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Preparatory stage</td>
<td>Working draft(s)</td>
<td>WD (3 mths)</td>
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<td>Committee stage</td>
<td>Committee draft(s)</td>
<td>CD (3 mths)</td>
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<td>Enquiry stage</td>
<td>Enquiry draft</td>
<td>DCRS (9 mths)</td>
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<td>Approval stage</td>
<td>final draft Standard</td>
<td>FDCRS (6mths)</td>
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<td>Publication stage</td>
<td>RegionalStandard</td>
<td>CRS (2mths)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Review stage</td>
<td>Maintenance of std.</td>
<td>After 3 years</td>
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STANDARD & REGULATIONS

Regulation:
document providing *binding legislative rules*, that is adopted by an authority.

Technical regulation:
*regulation that provides technical requirements*, either directly or by referring to or incorporating the content of a standard which can include technical specification or codes of practice

NOTE: A technical regulation may be supplemented by technical guidance that outlines some means of compliance with the requirements of the regulation, i.e. deemed-to-satisfy provision.

APPLICABLE STANDARDS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Org</th>
<th>Standard</th>
<th>Number</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CROSQ</td>
<td>Poultry Feed &amp; Feed Ingredients</td>
<td>CRS 29:2011</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Poultry &amp; Poultry Products</td>
<td>CRS 28: 2012</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Grading &amp; Quality Requirements for Table Eggs</td>
<td>CCS 52: 2005</td>
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<tr>
<td>Codex Alimentarius Commission</td>
<td>Guidelines for the Control of Campylobacter and Salmonella in Chicken Meat</td>
<td>CAC/GL 78-2011</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Code of Hygienic Practice for Meat</td>
<td>CAC/RCP 58-2005</td>
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<tr>
<td>International Organization for Standardization</td>
<td>Food Safety Management Systems</td>
<td>ISO 22000:2005</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Pre-requisite Programmes on Food Safety</td>
<td>PD ISO/TS 22002-1:2009</td>
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BENEFITS OF STANDARDIZATION

BENEFITS TO COMPANIES

• competitive advantage
  – meeting customer requirements
  – being able to anticipate market needs (changes in regulations ex, US FDA)
  – being able to influence or lead market development
  – Attaining information on industry practices and norms

• increased market opportunities
  – demonstrating adherence to technical regulations
  – faster development of new markets (consolidation, increased consumer confidence)

• improved risk management
  – management systems related to food safety and quality
  – anticipating regulatory requirements
  – sharing risk and cost associated to developing new markets

• cost reduction
  – Improved performance of product and processes through industry norms and continual improvement
  – reduced nonconforming products and negative impacts
BENEFITS TO CONSUMERS

• *improved choice* and access to goods and services
• *lower costs*
• products with *improved quality* and reliability
• *safer, healthier, more environmentally sound* products and services
• *compatibility* within and between products
• greater *consistency* in the delivery of services
• better product or service *information*

BENEFITS TO DEVELOPING COUNTRIES

• source of up-to-date (and affordable) *technical information*

• possible basis of for national regulations

• *safeguarding national interests* for imports

• adapting products for export

• *access to export markets*

• stimulation of *competition*
THANK YOU

• QUESTIONS?

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